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LINER SINKING TRAGEDY

Many Women And Children Among Drowned

Trapped In Hold Of Ship

Athens, Jan. 19.
Greek warships, salvage vessels and aircraft are searching the spot between the coasts of Attica and Euboea where the Greek liner Chimara sank early today after hitting a mine with a feared loss of 300 out of the 600 passengers.
The Chimara was a former 1,500-ton German hospital ship handed over to Greece as reparations, and was considered one of the best units of the new Greek merchant navy.

The first news of the disaster reached Athens with the arrival of a cable which had taken part in rescue operations. Her master said that the liner was sunk, leaving corpses and a mass of wreckage floating on the surface.

Dramatic radio signals were picked up from vessels near the scene of the disaster asking for assistance.
No SOS had come from the liner herself, and it was thought that she must have sunk within a few minutes of the mine explosion. Many passengers must have been trapped in their sleep, it was feared.—Reuter.

Survivors' Story

Survivors who were brought to a small village by fishing boats, said they saw nearly 400 men, women and children drown half an hour after an explosion ripped the boiler room.

The 1,500-ton steamship struck a mine off Attica Peninsula in the pre-dawn darkness today and sank half an hour later with hundreds of men, women and children shrieking on deck or trapped in the hold when the boilers exploded.

Two soldiers, who survived by clinging to lifeboats, said only four of the ship's eight lifeboats remained afloat after the Chimara suddenly turned over and sank with hundreds screaming in terror on the decks. Half an hour after the explosion, the soldiers said, the ship's officers fired pistols in the air to prevent passengers from storming the lifeboats.
"We could do nothing," one of the soldiers said. He said the ship remained afloat for a time, "but suddenly she rolled over on the port side and sank instantly."

Rescue Hampered

Nearly all of over 90 survivors brought into Rafina by fishing boats were immediately transferred to British ambulances and lorries. All suffered from exposure.

The Greek naval authorities stopped the search because of the darkness which hampered rescue work. The high seas and cold were additional perils, while there was the possibility of other mines in the area causing death and damage among the rescue vessels.

The Chimara had been threading through a channel which had been swept clear of mines. The Greek naval authorities and British medical corpsmen here said 196 persons were brought ashore altogether here and at other small villages along the coast.

The survivors said the explosion occurred at 3.50 a.m. only 800 yards from the shore of the small island of Cavallani.

Fishermen said most persons aboard must have gone down with the ship, because only 12 bodies were found floating at the scene.—United Press.

The explosion at 4 a.m. tore off the port bow and knocked out the power supply, negating efforts to send "SOS" calls. The ship sank so swiftly that only

CLASH IN SINGAPORE

Singapore, Jan. 20.
Four hundred harbour workers who attacked the two-hour fire station here last night and today with stones, bottles and pieces of wood, were repelled by armed police and firemen using hoses.
Eight people were injured. Later today most of the harbour workers involved were back at work but armed police still guard the fire station. The cause of the clash is not known.—Reuter.

Flirted With Black Dahlia

Los Angeles, Jan. 20.
Twenty-five-year-old former Army musician, handsome Robert "Red" Manley admitted to the police today a month-long flirtation with murdered Elizabeth Short, known as "Black Dahlia," but steadfastly denied any connection with her death.

However, the police arrested Manley on suspicion of murder. Married and father of a four-months' boy, Manley said he "turned sick inside" when he learned of Short's severed body which was found in a vacant lot on Wednesday. He was submitted to a lie-detector test but the police said they were repeating the test later as Manley's fatigue, shock and nervous strain.

His blonde wife, Harriet, 22, sat in another room in police headquarters, wringing her hands.
Manley admitted he brought Short here from San Diego on Jan. 9 but denied seeing her since.
However, William Sullivan, receiving clerk at the Union Station, according to the police tentatively identified Manley as the man who accompanied Short to the station on the day before her death.

Manley said he played the saxophone and clarinet when he was a corporal in the Army Air Forces.—United Press.

Sea Scout's Good Deed

London, Jan. 20.
A Sea Scout did his good deed yesterday, which should last him for some time to come. Sitting on the deck of a converted sailing barge which serves as the headquarters of the 4th Westminster Sea Scout Troop, Richard Lawrence, aged 13, noticed something lying in the mud of the Thames near Chelsea bridge.

His investigations revealed that it was a safe containing £10,000 worth of valuables stolen on Saturday from the home of Messrs C. Reedy of Evington Lane, Leicester.

The thieves apparently drove to London after the robbery had opened the safe and finding the contents being not negotiable securities dumped it into the river.—Reuter.

NOT POPULAR?

Moscow, Jan. 20.
Pravda indicated today that the British-French agreement in London to conclude a military alliance was being watched by Moscow with a close and disapproving eye.—Associated Press.

Dress Rehearsal For Royal Parade

London, Jan. 19.
A lonely, uncheered procession clobbered along practically deserted streets from Buckingham Palace to Waterloo Station today in a rehearsal of the same route scheduled for the start of the Royal tour to South Africa.

Following a route that will be thronged with loyal subjects who will give an enthusiastic bon voyage and send-off to King George VI, Queen Elizabeth and the Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret Rose on Jan. 31, the rehearsal was staged early this morning when the normally bustling arteries were carrying scarcely any traffic.

Starting from Buckingham Palace at 8 a.m., the practice trip contrasted with plans for the Royal Family to leave at 2.15 p.m. a week from next Friday for their tour which will take them away from the United Kingdom for more than three months.

Mounted police, riding clapped horses, were at the head and rear of the procession which travelled along the Mall through Admiralty Arch into Trafalgar Square and then down Whitehall, passing the famous Government buildings. At Parliament Square, dominated by Westminster Abbey, the House of Parliament and Big Ben, the parade turned to the right and then paralleled the Thames to Waterloo Station, one of the best known railroad depots to tourists visiting London.

Colourful Pageant

An escort of the Royal Household Cavalry followed the mounted police and then there were half a dozen open landaus each with two drivers and a footman. Their uniforms and costumes were normal working clothes—lacking colour of the formal dress. The landaus were followed by other cavalrymen, but the landau in which the Royal Family will ride was not included in the procession.
The actual departure will be a colourful pageant of pomp and ceremony not seen in England since the coronation of King George. Prime Minister Attlee and members of his

Peiping Rape Case

Peiping, Jan. 20.
United States military police officer Second Lieutenant Richard C. O'Dowd testified at the court martial of Corporal William G. Pierson on rape charges that neither the alleged victim nor the Chinese police complained to the marine, military police on the night when Pierson was arrested.

Testifying for the defence, O'Dowd and eight others said Pierson was intoxicated on Christmas Eve.

Naval doctor Lieutenant J.G. Percival Clark, who examined Miss Shen on Christmas Day testified he found only three tiny abrasions which could have been made during a previous medical examination by two Chinese doctors. The girl's injuries would have been greater had she struggled, he said.

Miss Shen testified she fought for more than three hours. Associated Press.

French Thrust To Hue

Saigon via Paris, Jan. 20.
The capture of Col des Nuages, an important hill held by Viet Nam forces, by a French column fighting its way north from Tourane toward Hue, beleaguered capital of Annam Province, was officially confirmed by the French General Staff here today.

The General Staff spokesman said the hill was taken on Saturday but declined to state officially whether the land force which pushed beyond this point was part of an all-out land, sea and air offensive against Hue which reportedly began at dawn on Saturday.

French agency reports said the attack was underway yesterday, terming it one of the greatest importance, both strategically and politically.

The deadlock at Hanoi continued unbroken today. A few Viet Nam infiltration attempts were driven back by the French, the spokesman said.

A well-informed source said French High Commissioner Thierry d'Armenville, who returned yesterday to Saigon from Laos where he officially took over the territories ceded by Siam, will go to Hanoi shortly to ascertain personally the causes of the stalemate.

At Haiphong, Tonkin, the spokesman said, a French raid into the Viet Nam held area northwest of the city had "been successful," and added that a Viet Nam counter-attack on French outposts there "was without success." In the Nam Dinh sector, he said, there were no changes.—United Press.

New C.N.C. Restrictions

Shanghai, Jan. 20.
No person leaving China for abroad shall be permitted in future to carry with him more than 250,000 Chinese National currency notes, according to an official notice issued by the Chinese Customs today.
Any amount found in excess of this sum shall be confiscated, it is added.
The notice also said that a strict search of passengers leaving China shall be made with the view to prevent the smuggling abroad of gold and silver, and the export of foreign currency notes in excess of

SINO-FRENCH CLASH?

Nanking, Jan. 20.
The Minister of National Defence, General Pai Chung-hai, speaking at this morning's weekly "Sun Yat-sen memorial service, said that French troops recently landed in the Parcel Island and have clashed with Chinese troops stationed there. The Chinese newspaper Hsin-Min Pao reported.
Confirmation of the report has hitherto been unobtainable. The Foreign Ministry had no comment to make when questioned regarding the Parcel Island, whose possession both France and China are claiming.—Reuter.

H.K. Bound Plane Safe

Manila, Jan. 20.
A Philippine airline plane with 2,000,000 pesos in gold bullion and six passengers aboard, made a safe landing at Lacag in northern Luzon late on Saturday after being lost for five hours on its flight to Hong Kong. The airline disclosed today.

Neither Hong Kong nor Manila airports could contact the plane piloted by William Spencer as he battled low ceiling and a "dead" radio which was muted by atmospheric disturbances.

Army air and sea rescue planes based on Okinawa and R.A.F. planes based on Hong Kong joined in the search which ended when Spencer dropped down on Lacag field at 7 p.m. with five minutes of gas left in the tanks, and an 800-pound cargo of gold bullion consigned to Hong Kong banks.

In Manila, Bureau of Aeronautics authorities indicated that the order grounding all FEAT planes following the crash of Miss Luzon at sea may be lifted gradually and plane by plane as soon as field inspectors declare the plane air-worthy.—Associated Press.

WORLD SECURITY ARMY PLAN

(By C. W. Gilmore)

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 19.
Creation of an International Veterans' Association—the governing supreme council of which would direct a World Security Army to safeguard the United Nations principles of peace—is being advocated by a Greek Army Major who has called upon General Eisenhower, United States Chief of Staff, to lead the organization.
The scheme proposed by Major C.D. Chapralis involves world disarmament, the complete substitution of national armies and navies of all countries by the World Security Army of 1,000,000 men, all of them volunteers. This force would draw upon war veterans and soldiers from all nations to fill its ranks, he said. The Supreme Council would serve as "the executive machinery of the United Nations."

Recommending that Eisenhower be the man to command this army, the Major—who carries credentials as the representative of 800,000 Greek war veterans and the Greek Government—wrote the U.S. Chief of Staff:
"This is a critical time and the qualities of leadership which have endeared you to the world should be asserted through this organization in establishing an everlasting world peace."

Major Chapralis, a veteran of both world wars, spoke here on a tour through the United States. He said he was not advocating the formation of a new veterans' organization, but one that would comprise all existing veterans' groups which would cooperate on world-wide levels.

U.N. Command

The permanent general secretary of the association, he indicated, would publish a daily newspaper, a weekly—and a monthly publication and operate a radio station to further its aims for national demobilisation and world peace.
(Continued on Page 8, Col. 2)

Planes' Race With Bananas

Dublin, Jan. 20.
Out of the western sky sped two giant airliners in a schedule-smashing race to bring a precious cargo of bananas to Owen Roe Ward, colourful Irish poet and ballad singer, dangerously ill in St. Patrick Dun's Hospital.

From Shannon, where an American Overseas Airline's flagship landed a matter of minutes before a Pan-American Clipper, the bananas were brought by automobile to Dublin where they were ready today to be fed to the writer sinking slowly from a nutritional disease.

The American Overseas Airline's plane landed yesterday 40 minutes ahead of its estimated time of arrival. The Clipper set a new record for Pan-American of nine hours and 27 minutes for the New York to Shannon crossing—half an hour better than the previous mark.

The AOA won the race to the hospital, however, by having a faster truck meet the plane and rush its 25 pounds of bananas to the capital, Pan-American's 25 pounds got there two hours later.

Ward, however, was too ill to be fed the fruit and there was some doubt today that they would be administered at all.

The bananas were dispatched by Mayor William O'Dwyer of New York City to Alderman John MacCann, Lord Mayor of Dublin, after an appeal made by the Eire Actors, Artists and Musicians' Association.—United Press.

Hamburg, Jan. 19.
French authorities in Coblenz announced today that General Joseph Koenig, Commander-in-Chief of French troops in Germany and Austria, will come to London to take part in negotiations for the conclusion of the German and Austrian peace treaties. He will be accompanied by General Emile Bethouart, French High Commissioner in Austria.—Reuter.

Better Situation In France

Paris, Jan. 19.
The Premier-designate, M. Paul Ramadier, tonight informed the President of the Republic that he was willing to accept the invitation to form a Government. This was interpreted in political circles as an indication that essential agreement between all parties for the formation of a coalition Government has virtually been reached.

M. Ramadier told the President that he was ironing out divergencies between his proposals about the functions of the Minister of National Defence and the expectations of Popular Republicans on the subject.

M. Ramadier will present himself to the National Assembly on Tuesday, officially invested by the President of the Republic, M. Vincent Auriol, as Premier-designate, and will submit his programme and policy.

If he obtains the necessary vote of confidence, he will then proceed to form his Cabinet, in which M. Georges Bidault, leader of the Popular Republicans, is expected to become Foreign Minister, and M. Leon Blum, Socialist leader and outgoing Premier, may be Minister of State.

Indo-China Snag

Under the Constitution of the Fourth Republic, the political leader selected by the President as prospective Prime Minister must go twice before the Lower House, once to submit his programme and policy and the second time to submit his Cabinet.

He must obtain an absolute majority if it is to be constitutionally authorised to complete his task and present his Cabinet.
If he fails to get this vote of confidence on the first occasion, the President of the Republic must select another leader to attempt to form a Government.

The lack of assurances concerning Indo-China has been

Greek Cabinet Crisis

Athens, Jan. 19.
Dr. Sophocles Venizelos, leader of the Venizelist Liberals, called on King George today and asked him to summon the Crown Council to enable Parliamentary party leaders to decide on the formation of a coalition Cabinet.

King George has reserved his reply.

Dr. Venizelos made his request on behalf of the smaller parliamentary parties.
Political circles here tonight considered that the King would not need to do so long as the request does not come from the Prime Minister.

Dr. Tsaldaris, Premier, was also received by the King today.—Reuter.

THE WEATHER

Pressure is highest over Mongolia and moderately high over most of China and Japan. A depression over the Shantung Peninsula is moving eastward. Pressure is low to the NE of Japan and in a trough extending E and NW. Pressure remains low over the equatorial region.
Today's Forecast—Fresh E winds inshore; strong E and NE winds offshore; cloudy generally but with some clearing during the day.
Yesterday's Weather—
Maximum: 65.1 deg. F.
Minimum: 50 deg. F.
Sunshine: 0.1 hour.
Rainfall: Trace. Total since Jan. 1: 26.6 mm. as against an average of 29.5 mm.
Statistics at 10 a.m. 4 p.m.
Bar. at m.s.l. 1025.4 (1017.5 m.b.)
Rel. Humidity 68 64 %
Dew Point 60 59 deg. F.
Wind direction 2 E 2 N
Wind Force 16 20 knots.

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Chinese New Year Holidays

WEDNESDAY, 22nd JANUARY, 1947.

ALL BRANCHES CLOSED FOR THE DAY.

THURSDAY, 23rd JANUARY, 1947.

SUNDAY HOURS WILL BE OBSERVED.

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Have You Purchased Your Entrance Ticket—
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19-1 PLASTIC RAINCOAT (Presented by Allied Trading Company, Ltd.)

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Opium Divan Cases

As the sequel to a raid conducted by S/I White and a police party on Jan. 18 on the second floor of 31 Haiphong Road, Cheng Ying was charged before Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday with keeping an opium divan at the above address and (b) possession of two mace of opium.

S/I Askew, prosecuting, informed His Worship that it was a small affair situated in a poor district.

Accused was fined \$30 on the first count and \$20 on the second.

Eight smokers found on the premises were each fined \$10. Three pipes, five lamps, and 22 small pots of opium comprising two mace, were ordered to be confiscated.

Bail of \$300, put up by Li Yi-so, female, was ordered to be returned by Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday when she failed to appear in Court to answer the charges of (a) keeping, managing, or assisting in the management of an opium divan at 39 Sun Hing Street, Cheung Chau Island, on Jan. 18, and (b) possession of five mace of prepared opium.

On the application of S/I Askew, the five pipes, five lamps, and 20 pots of opium comprising five mace, were ordered to be confiscated.

Of the 37 men charged with smoking in the premises, 36 failed to appear in Court and had their bail of \$25 each forfeited. One of the defendants, Leung Tung, claimed that he was not a smoker but went to the premises to collect an account. His plea was accepted by the Police and the charge was withdrawn.

Used Bad Words

A 22-year-old youth, Ng Shui, who allegedly insulted the police in general and his victim in particular with "bad words," was sentenced to three years' hard labour by Mr. E.H. Williams, Puisne Judge, at the Criminal Sessions yesterday when he pleaded guilty to wounding constable Chan on Oct. 12.

An argument started over a mahjong game in which the constable had won \$1.60. During the ensuing row, accused learned that Chan was a policeman, whereupon he allegedly used "bad words" insulting the police in general and Chan in particular.

Accused is alleged to have picked up a knife and slashed the constable on the left arm severely.

The knife went into the constable's arm and cut the muscle, causing gangrene to set in. The hospital wished to amputate the arm but Chan has refused and lost several fingers as a result.

Readers' Letters

Tripe?

Sir,—Upon my return to the Colony after an interval of 15 years, I am struck by the tripe and balderdash which so often appears in the correspondence columns.

Long argumentative letters over matters of little general interest are often mere correspondence between two people, who might be persuaded to get together and thrash out their opinions (or themselves) without inflicting their verbose and ill-worded letters on the reading public.

Let us have letters, by all means, but let them be of "general interest."

W. D. S.

"GAMBIA" DUE TODAY

H.M.S. "Gambia" is due in Hong Kong today to join the British Pacific Fleet in place of H.M.S. "Newfoundland." Built during the war, she served with the Royal New Zealand Navy during the Pacific war. She is commanded by Captain A. J. Baker-Cresswell, D.S.O.

One hundred and ten gunny bags found by a Police patrol outside 612 Nathan Road on Jan. 18 were, on the application of S/I Askew, ordered to be confiscated to the P.W.D. by Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday.

SAITO'S SIXTH DAY IN WITNESS-BOX

Captain (Dr.) Saito Shunkechi, medical officer in charge of POW Camps in Hong Kong during the Japanese occupation, concluded his sixth day in the witness-box under examination-in-chief by his defence counsel, Mr. Hasegawa, at No. 5 War Crimes Court yesterday with a series of answers: "I have heard this evidence. I do not remember anything about this."

Saito was asked by his defence counsel, citing various cases testified to by witnesses, whether there had not been cases where delays in transporting critically ill POWs to hospital had resulted in deaths. He replied that, in respect of the cases which he did remember, the Camp Commandant had immediately granted permission to have the POW hospitalised but the delay was occasioned by the Shipping Unit not making a boat immediately available for transportation across the harbour en route to the Bowen Road Hospital.

The Chief of the Medical Affairs Ministry who Tokunaga had earlier said, was responsible for the closure of St. Teresa's Hospital, was identified by Saito as Lieut.-General Kanbayashi. At the time, Saito said in reply to another question from Mr. Hasegawa, there were a number of diphtheria cases at the hospital.

In addition to the various diseases the POWs had suffered from, Saito said yesterday morning, there were a number of ailments requiring surgical treatment. These included appendicitis and duodenal and gastric ulcer. There were also some cases of cancer.

St. Teresa's and Bowen Road Hospital were completely equipped for such operations. There was surgical equipment also at the India Military Hospital and at Shamshuipo Camp.

Saito denied that a state of affairs arose under which POW doctors had to operate with razor-blades and had to stitch with bow-strings from a violin, but admitted that there was an inadequate supply of surgical gloves. These had been imported for him, he said, but were not forthcoming.

Asked by Mr. Hasegawa if he remembered evidence about a quantity of surgical equipment being found at his house after the Japanese surrender, Saito said that this equipment originally came from Gun Club Hill and consisted of 200 packages of 1-lb. weight absorbent cotton, wool bandages, as well as 200 lb. of lint, 50 surgical forceps, 30 surgical knives and other equipment.

Blood Plasma
On orders of the Camp Commandant, he said, these were sent to his house and a large part of this equipment was issued to POW drafts sent to Japan. At the time of the surrender there were 20 lb. of cotton wool bandages and the same quantity of lint left. The instruments found in his house, he said, were urethral and otoscopy instruments and were of no value to the POW Camps.

He did not know anything of a quantity of Red Cross drugs found in the house of the Shamshuipo Camp Commandant, he said in reply to another question. Red Cross supplies received included vitamin preparations, sulphur drugs and blood plasma.

At the height of the dysentery epidemic, when supplies were no longer locally purchased but imported through the Japanese Army Hospital, he was only supplied monthly with a quantity of magnesium sulphate and emetine hydrochloride about one-quarter of that required for all the patients then suffering from bacillary and amoebic dysentery.

He reported this shortage of drugs to the Camp Commandant and frequently applied to the Japanese Army Hospital to have an increased issue but "the situation was not altered."

He expressed the opinion to the Camp Commandant at the beginning of 1943 that the Indian Medical Hospital he made available for surgical operations. The Camp Commandant agreed with him but stipulated that a minimum number of personnel be sent for these operations and the patient be immediately returned to Camp after the operation. The purpose of this stipulation, he understood, was to separate Indian POWs from the other POWs.

Volunteer's Death
About four persons were permitted to attend an operation. These were the doctor, his assistant, and two stretcher-bearers. Questioned on this point, Saito said it was possible a situation might have arisen where one of the doctors was also a stretcher-bearer. This would have happened, he explained, if more than two doctors were in attendance.

Watchmen Who Stole

An exemplary sentence of three months hard labour was passed by Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday on each of two watchmen who pleaded guilty to larceny from their respective places of employment.

In the first case, S/I Askew told the Court that accused, Lai Chuen, was a police watchman sent on board the S/S "Tuesca" alongside Holt's Wharf at the request of the owners. He was a registered watchman and, when on duty, issued with an armband and arms.

On Jan. 19, defendant was seen by the Second Officer to be wearing shoes which was recognised as stolen from a broken case in the hold. Accused was brought before the Master of the ship, and the Police sent for.

In Court, Lai pleaded that he found the shoes and was bringing them back to the Master when he was arrested by an European. His Worship pointed out that it was not customary to wear footwear when returning them.

Chan Kwai-cheung, watchman employed by the Kowloon Dock, was told by His Worship that his job was to prevent larceny from the Docks "by casual labourers and not to take part in them. The Dock officials had asked, through S/I Howarth, for a serious view of the case to be taken.

The charge against Chan was larceny of 31 lb. of lead.

Caught With The Goods

Li Yau, 39, yesterday found himself paying \$80 for 53 packets of Craven "A" cigarettes—without actually getting possession of the goods. No, he was not robbed, neither was he the victim of a confidence trick man. He was simply unlucky enough to be caught in possession of the fags as he was walking along Sai Kung Road on Sunday.

According to S/I Howarth, Li was employed as an assistant in the NAAFI canteen at H.M.S. "Nabcatcher" (Kai Tak). On the day in question he was stopped and searched by a Chinese constable and the 53 packets of cigarettes, marked NAAFI, were found on him. The value of the fags was \$16.90.

A Denial
He questioned the POW doctors with regard to the symptoms and suggested that these were insufficient to suggest cerebral meningitis. They reported that an examination of cerebro-spinal fluid taken from the patient had been positive. He had Major Hook sent to the Central British School Hospital the following day. He received a report about 10 days later that Major Hook died of endocarditis.

Saito denied any occasion when he had told Major Robertson in respect of one patient, "Let the patient die."

"I do not remember at all anything like that," Saito said. Questioned about the evidence of Dr. Rodriguez that six of seven dysentery cases had died as a result of the delay in hospitalising them, Saito said that there could have been no delay on the particular occasion referred to, as the transfer was to St. Teresa's Hospital and did not involve transportation across the harbour.

Saito returns to the witness-box this morning.

FIREWORKS SHOW

H.M.S. "Belfast" will give a short fireworks display today starting at 7 p.m.

C-IN-C'S CRUISE

The Commander-in-Chief, British Pacific Fleet will leave Hong Kong in H.M.S. "Belfast" on Friday this week. His despatch vessel H.M.S. "Alert" will be in company.

He will visit Jesselton, Sandakan and Manila before returning to Hong Kong on Feb. 10.

Cowardly Assault On Young Woman

Alleged to have committed a cowardly and brutal crime, Chan Kau, who pleaded guilty to assaulting a young woman with intent to commit an armed robbery, was sentenced to nine years' hard labour and 10 strokes of the cane by Mr. E. H. Williams, Puisne Judge, at the Criminal Sessions yesterday.

Armed with a pair of scissors, Chan allegedly assaulted her on the stairs of 131 Jaffe Road at 2.30 a.m. on Dec. 17 and ordered her to give him her coat and ring. She resisted and raised an alarm, upon which Chan seized her by the hair violently. He ran, but was pursued into the street by her, where he was arrested.

Three other accused, Li Shing, Li Yuk-lan and Ng Piu, who pleaded guilty to their respective robbery charges, were each given eight years' and 10 strokes.

SEAMEN COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

During the course of yesterday's hearing in the committal proceedings against Robert Stanley, Frederick Franks and John Johnstone, on a charge of the unlawful slaying of S/I A. S. Anderson on Christmas Day, Mr. A.J. Clifford, Crown Solicitor, applied to Mr. Latimer for permission to withdraw the charge against Johnstone as the Crown did not intend to offer further evidence against him.

At the conclusion of the Crown's case, the first two accused, who reserved their defence, were committed for trial at the February Sessions.

Dr. Onward Szeto said that the presence of 400 mgs. of alcoholic contents in the urine of an average person is usually accepted as proof of drunkenness. This quantity will also bring unconsciousness to the average person.

S/I Dow, in the course of his evidence, said that the late S/I Anderson was a very even, tempered man.

Two statements were made by Stanley and Franks, said DCI Mottram in the witness stand. The first statement was when they were interviewed by the witness, and the second in answer to the charge of manslaughter made against them on Dec. 27 last.

"What Can I Say?"
In his first statement, Stanley said: "What can I say? I do not even know how I came to be in this place (the Police Station)." When charged, first accused said: "I don't know what to say. I don't remember the least thing." Both statements were made and signed after the defendant had been duly cautioned, said DCI Mottram.

As to Franks, continued witness, he refused to sign the first statement, but signed the second one in which he declared "I never touched the fellow. It was Stanley who was doing the fighting. Johnstone and I were only witnesses."

DCI Mottram said that the deceased was of a quiet and inoffensive temperament and not one to pick a quarrel. He was approximately six feet tall of medium build and fairly strong.

At the conclusion of the case for the Crown, DCI Mottram told His Worship that he had been informed that a certain sum had been allocated by the Seamen's Union for the defence of both accused at the Sessions.

Sessions Pleas

The January Criminal Sessions opened yesterday when 30 prisoners and 20 cases were brought before Mr. Justice E. H. Williams, Puisne Judge.

Nineteen of the accused in 11 cases pleaded guilty and were dealt with; nine others in seven cases pleaded not guilty; while no plea was entered by two accused in two separate cases. Those who pleaded not guilty included two alleged collaborators, Li Kwai-sung and Yussut Shah, while those who entered no pleas were Young Shui-shung, charged with accepting a bribe, and Li Sang, charged with murder.

It was stated that Young Shui-shung entered his plea at the trial through his defending counsel, Mr. M. A. de Silva, while the Government will assign a defending counsel for Li in his murder trial. Chinese detective Lau Chi, who is on bail, did not appear before His Lordship, as the date for hearing his case in which he will be charged with three counts of offering bribes to Det.-Inspector W. N. Durkin, has already been fixed for Feb. 4.

Cheung and others not in custody, are alleged to have been preying on fishing-folk in Mirs Bay, netting a total of CN\$1,300,000 in these robberies.

Accused told His Lordship that he was driven to crime by poverty and bad company.

Cheung pleaded guilty to four robberies and to demanding money. The other three robbery charges were withdrawn. His Lordship deferred sentence until today.

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NAVY MAY HAVE OWN HOSPITAL

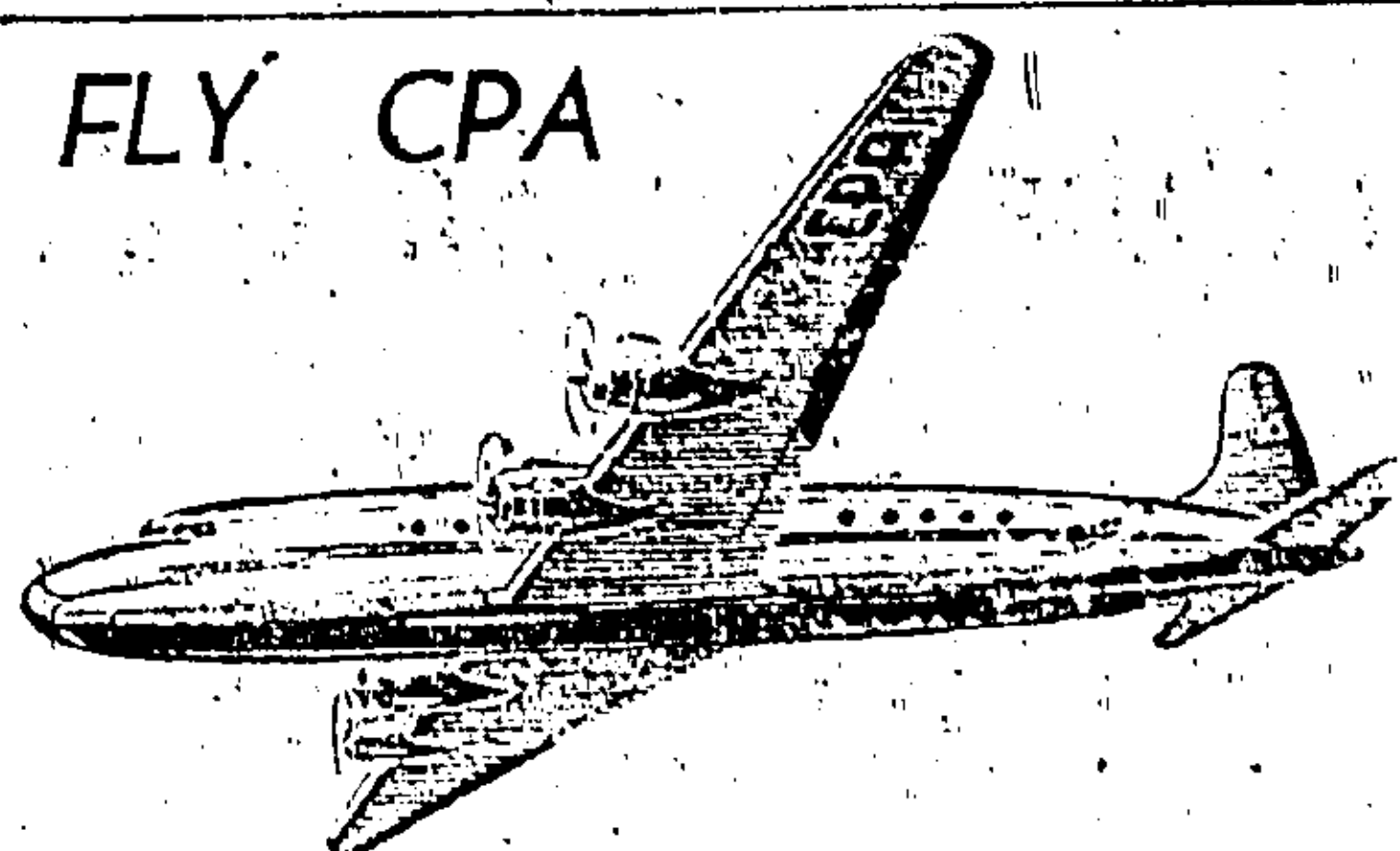
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ENGAGEMENT

MORRIS WILSON—The engagement is announced between Gwendoline Grace, second daughter of Mr. Richard Morris, of New Malden, Surrey, and Joseph Edward, younger son of Mr. & Mrs. B. A. Wilson, of Strathmore, Bromsgrove, Worce.

DEATH

LI NG on the 20th January, 1947, the beloved wife of Young Saye, Snr. at her residence at No. 22, Essex Crescent, Kowloon Tong. The funeral will leave the house at 2 p.m. on the 21st January for the Tsun Wan Permanent Cemetery.

THE TRIALS OF TRANSPORT

The inadequacy of transport facilities for workers travelling to and from their offices, workshops and factories is still to be counted among the most important of Hong Kong's problems that call for unceasing efforts to secure an early solution. The twice daily battle for the bus, the tram, or the ferry is an exciting feature of too many people's lives, and a totally unproductive strain upon their energy. Persons in every strata of society are involved in the wastage of time and the discomfort of present-day transport arrangements, which test both nerves and patience, with those whose duties require cross-harbour journeys having perhaps the greatest cause for complaint. Nothing is more illustrative of prevailing conditions than the fact of the extensive use of the third-class compartments of the Star ferries by the so-called "white collar" class, in order to avoid the queuing and buffering and delays of travelling first-class. Only those who have experience of crossing in the morning from Kowloon and in the evening, between five and seven o'clock, from Hong Kong can appreciate what a battle-royal this can become, and marvel that it has gone on for so long without vehement public protest. There can, of course, be only one final solution: that is the provision of swifter and smoother travel by the addition of new launches to the ferry service. In the meantime, it may be suggested that the lock-out barrier could be controlled with a more intelligent discretion. Frequently—in fact, more often than not—in the evenings, the gate is closed far too soon and ferries leave with dozens of vacant seats. The ferries could comfortably accommodate a hundred or more additional passengers, without fear of risk of overcrowding. It is a curious commentary on the system of control that the ferries do, in fact, carry far more passengers later on than they do during the rush hours when everybody is trying to get home at the same time. That controls are required at certain times is a necessity that few would attempt to deny, but there is a strong suspicion that the rough-and-ready methods adopted are often themselves creative of the bottlenecks that are so provoking. It is a matter upon which the ferry company might well look, with a view to better organisation, while at the same time it is suggested to all who are in a position to do so, in one way or another, (as for instance, those who go on afternoon shopping expeditions) that they contribute as they can to the lessening of the rush at the peak hours.

I.G. OF THE RAF

London, Jan. 19.
Air Marshal Sir Norman Bottomley, Air Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Bomber Command, has been appointed Inspector-General of the Royal Air Force, in succession to Air Chief Marshal Sir Arthur Barratt, who is retiring.
Air Marshal Sir Hugh Saunders succeeds him as head of Bomber Command.—Reuter.

Has The United Nations Turned The Corner?

By SIR
ALEXANDER
CADOGAN,Britain's Permanent
Representative on the
Security Council

Last autumn I had occasion to say that the United Nations urgently needed two things—a new impetus and a constructive task on which the members of the Security Council could unite.

Since then both these things have come to pass. The General Assembly gave a new impetus to the whole organisation, and the task of disarmament, vast and complicated as it is, offers to the Security Council at least the chance of constructive and, I trust, united endeavour.

I am, therefore, more hopeful about the United Nations, and consequently about world peace, today than I was three months ago.

First-Year Handicaps

No one could honestly say that the United Nations had a good first year. It was beset with acute "housing problems" of its own—office space, living accommodation, meeting centres—which kept even senior officials preoccupied, and certainly affected adversely the morale of the international secretariat.

It found itself functioning in an atmosphere, in which it had never been intended to function—before the peace settlement had been made. And the fact that the Great Powers had not yet attained a general post-war understanding was reflected in every committee room of the United Nations.

It was forced to wrestle with a succession of explosive political disputes. These debates in the Security Council reached a point where it was legitimate to doubt whether the Council was to become a public tilt-yard, a propaganda platform, or a centre for harmonising the actions of nations as the Charter had intended.

It was not without reason that a critic in the New Yorker magazine compared the organisation to "a year-old child who has managed to pull down every book from the bottom shelf in the living room, and is sitting among them in happy confusion, shouting them about and vaguely conscious of some personal inadequacy somewhere."

Grounds For Hope

Yet today, however great the problems ahead, there are grounds for hoping that the United Nations has turned the corner. What are these grounds?

1: The first General Assembly, thanks largely to the skilful leadership of its President, Mr. Spaulk, has successfully completed its long agenda. In future it must, if it is to attract leading statesmen, develop methods for accelerating its work, sifting its agenda and completing its business in much less time.

2: In the course of the Assembly, moreover, the international secretariat gained new confidence in their work, a fact of prime importance for the healthy development of the organisation.

3: Further, the United Nations decided to settle permanently in New York, and the secretariat and all concerned are consequently freer to undertake more rational long-term planning. The organisation, therefore, enters its second year better equipped in experience, morale and physical facilities.

4: The outlook for the peace treaties has definitely improved. 5: The Atomic Energy Commission has completed and approved an important interim report (with the Soviet Union and Poland abstaining, however, in the final vote).

6: The Security Council has succeeded where last summer it failed in getting unanimous agreement on sending an investigating commission into the Balkans.

7: The Persian Government has successfully reasserted its authority in Northern Persia, suggesting that the mere act of keeping the Persian question on the Security Council agenda was not such a futile gesture as some critics implied last spring.

8: Finally, as I have already stated, the disarmament question gives some promise that the Security Council may occupy itself more usefully in 1947 than in 1946.

All these facts are cause for encouragement. The United Nations' activities will expand in 1947. The important commissions of the Economic and Social Council on human rights, employment, transportation, &c., are just about to be organised. The Trusteeship Council, in formation of which British representatives have played such an important role, is due to come into existence in March.

Yet it seems certain that the regulation and reduction of world armaments will be the biggest issue which the United Nations will undertake this year.

The opening of this question immediately recalls the earlier disarmament efforts in the twenties and the untiring labours of Lord Cecil, the later Arthur Henderson and others.

It is gratifying to think that the extensive if fruitless researches done by them may now be useful in this renewed attempt to free mankind from the bondage of fear and the burden of astronomical defence budgets. What are the prospects?

No Great Power Outside

First, we start off with the advantage that every major Power, and therefore every Power able to disturb world peace in the foreseeable future, is this time a full-fledged participant from the very beginning of the discussions. Our costly experiences in 1939 and 1940 proved that serious consideration can be given today to disarmament proposals only if they apply on a universal basis.

Second, it is explicitly recognised from the start that disarmament is not merely a technical question, but is closely connected with the general question of security.

Third, we start this time with unanimous agreement, at least in principle, on the need for unfettered international inspection as a primary safeguard—a vitally important point at no time reached in the previous disarmament discussions.

Fourth, we start this time with a Commission already under way, supported by all the Great Powers, for controlling and prohibiting the most devastating form of armament discovered by man—the atomic bomb.

So far, so good. Yet it would be idle to suggest that the way ahead will be easy, or that the task can be accomplished rapidly. The previous efforts proved that. It is so obvious that the problems of disarmament cannot be solved in isolation. Nations will only disarm when they see that an alternative form of security is available to them.

Now the security system visualised in the United Nations Charter depends on forces being contributed by member-countries in accordance with special agreements to be drawn up between the United Nations and member-countries on the recommendation of the United Nations Military Staff Committee.

But the disappointing thing is that progress in the Military Staff Committee, during the past year has been painfully slow. Greater speed in its work is essential if the discussions on the reduction of armaments are to bear fruit.

We must welcome the Soviet initiative in bringing the disarmament question to the forefront of the United Nations' activities. But we must measure each country's contribution to world peace not only by its proposals for disarmament, but by its contribution to the creation of the United Nations security system.

It is equally obvious that a sincere contribution to disarmament implies wholehearted co-operation in the Atomic Energy Commission's effort to develop as possible a foolproof system for controlling atomic energy, ensuring its use for peaceful purposes.

It is well known that for various reasons the Atomic Energy Commission also made painfully slow progress during the early part of 1946. Later the pace improved, and the interim report which the Commission has now approved contains in general form most, if not all, of the elements necessary for an effective control system. The present year will show how far these general principles can be translated into concrete plans which all countries will accept.

But even if all the technical problems involved in the regulation and reduction of armaments prove to be surmountable, more is required. It was not after all, the technical problems that blasted the hopes of disarmament in the twenties. It was the apparently unconnected developments between countries in many different parts of the world. The "world economic and political situation" became so unsettled that the disarmament discussions were manifestly out of place and futile.

So today there are at least four essentials of any programme for enduring peace—material disarmament, political security, economic co-operation and moral recovery. It is futile to concentrate on one of these fields and neglect the others. We must work for all of them. And the United Nations, with its specialised agencies, provides the framework in which we can make progress in all of them if the spirit of honest teamwork is present.

Citizens Of The World

Thus the United Nations sets out on its second year confronted by many problems ahead, but with increasing hope. There will be frequent need for what Mr. Paul Martin, Canadian delegate to the General Assembly, referred to as a "holy obstinacy" as we meet the difficulties and discouragements which lie ahead. And when we are tempted to criticise or disregard the United Nations we will do well to remember Mr. Bevin's words at the opening sessions in London a year ago.

"The United Nations," he declared, "is not 'them'. It is 'us'. Every one of us, seeking as citizens of the world peace and security for humanity."

BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

KEEP ONE LITTLE CARD

In discarding on the declarer's long-suit tricks, it is natural to throw away apparently useless cards and hold on to those which are more likely to become trick takers. There is one kind of situation, however, in which it is advisable to divest yourself of some honour in order to hold a little card. That is when you see the declarer trying to build up a throw-in play against you. Holding a little card then may enable you to let your partner win the throw-in trick and then lead through the very tenace which the declarer expected you to lead up to.

S. K. Q. 7 4
H. A. 3
D. 7 5 3
C. 10 6 5

S. 8 6 2
H. 7 4
D. A. Q. J 10
C. A. Q. J

S. A. J 5
H. K. Q 10
D. K. 9
C. K. 7 4 3 2

(Dealer: South. Both sides vulnerable.)

South West North East
1 C 1 D 1 S Pass
1 NT Pass 2 NT Pass
3 NT

West made his natural lead of the diamond Q, which knocked out the K at both tables of the team

game in which this deal was played. At both tables the declarer then counted up seven more tricks—in the two major suits—and decided to try for a throw-in play to get the additional one which was needed. Both declarers played exactly the same, running four spades and then three hearts.

Up to that point everything was exactly the same at the two tables, excepting, for one discard, by West. On the fourth spade both put the heart 4, both followed suit with the heart 7 and on the second heart each discarded the diamond 2. But on the third heart the discards were different. One West put the diamond 6 on that eighth trick, retaining the diamond A-J and club A-Q-J. South then threw West in with the diamond 9. West got two tricks in that suit, but had to give South the same trick with the club K. At the other table, West discarded the club J on the eighth trick, so he could hold the diamond A-J and the club A-Q. When South next led the diamond 9, West played the 6, enabling East to win with the 10. The club 9 return enabled West to take two club tricks followed by two diamonds, setting the contract.

Your Week-End Question

What is the easiest trick on which a squeeze play is possible? Can you set up a hand to demonstrate how the play can work that early in the game?

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"I'm sorry, that's wrong! Sitting Bull was an Indian, not Japanese!"

Italians Feel Need For A New Duce

"What we need is another strong man," many Italians are saying today in voices growing much louder than a whisper. "I hate to admit it," one may add quickly, "but that is the way we Italians are. We need a man with a club."

Some say this with malice in their eyes because that is what they have thought all the time. This is one of the significant

straws in the Italian whirlwind after three years of chronic Government crisis.

Impatient of complex arguments, these Italians see the situation this way:

In Allied occupied Naples three years ago, Premier Marshal Pietro Badoglio and King

By GEORGE
BRIA

EX-POW'S SAD HOMECOMING

London, Jan. 19.

A domestic tragedy of the war was uncovered at Bury St. Edmunds when a former prisoner of the Japanese alleged that his wife had been associating with other men while he was in captivity.

The ex-P.O.W., Stanley Thornton, aged 28, now a gardener, of Old School Yard, Abington Pigotts, Royston, Herts., was sent for trial on bail at Bury St. Edmunds Assizes, charged with bigamyously marrying Miss Vera Cobbold, of Kingshall-green, Rougham, Suffolk.

Appearing for bail, Thornton said he was anxious to be near when Miss Cobbold's child was born. It would be his first Christmas at home since he joined the Army on Sept. 2, 1939.

In a statement alleged to have been made to Det. R. Taylor, Thornton said he was 19 and his bride 16 when he was married at Sheringham to Miss Margaret E. McMahon in October, 1938. The alleged statement continued:

All went well until I joined the Army. I heard that my wife was carrying on with other men, and going home unexpectedly about the end of 1939. I found another soldier there with my wife. I had a row and left her. About August, 1941, I wrote and asked if she could make things up, but she replied that she was living with another man and wanted nothing more to do with me.

In Singapore

Thornton, who was captured at Singapore, did not return home until October, 1945. The alleged statement went on:

We decided to make a fresh start. I spent about £140 on furniture. After a month my wife said she was not happy and went to Leicester. I tried to reason with her, but she refused to live with me. My wife had a baby while I was a prisoner of war—I think in 1944. She changed her name to Bourke.

Mr. J. N. B. Ashton, prosecuting, said the legal wife had been called as a witness, but had not put in an appearance. Miss Cobbold, stated to be an expectant mother, said she met Thornton in January last when she was working at Rougham Rectory as a domestic servant. The "marriage" took place at Bury Register Office in April.

"I knew he was married. He told me before he 'married' me," she said. "He told me he was trying to get a divorce."

Vittorio Emanuele III were battling with six anti-Fascist parties.

Politicians spent much of their time rearing about the "harsh" armistice terms, ranting at the "pro-Monarchist" policy of the Allied and complaining that more Fascists were not jailed and getting little done.

Today, the Monarchy has given way to the Republic. Premier Alcide De Gasperi is battling with the Socialists, Communists and Republicans in his coalition Cabinet.

The Christian Democrats, Socialists and Republicans are bickering among themselves. Politicians are groaning about the "harsh" peace terms and looking the other way when they meet Fascists liberated by hundreds under an "amnesty of the republic" bestowed upon them by the complainers of yesterday.

As they did a few years ago, city-dwellers who can afford it, live off the black-market—presently called "open market"—while the peasants hoard their grain and stuff their mattress with lire.

Crime is rampant and reconstruction is little more than a slogan.

"The politicians used to blame the war for not getting anything done," said a radio operator chafing under one of Rome's constant five minute power failures.

"But the war has been over nearly two years." And he added his voice to the swelling chorus of "we need another strong man. We need order even if it means less liberty."

In the next general election, where will this man's vote go? If the November municipal elections were any indication, he will vote for a mass party of extreme left or extreme right—for the Communists or for the Qualunquists (common man) movement—refuge of that same middle-class that formed the backbone of Fascism.

The moderate Christian Democrats and Socialists reflecting their own inner struggle, suffered serious losses.

Gloomily predicting that de Gasperi's Cabinet—unable to get together on foreign or domestic policy—could not survive the winter, Don Luigi Sturzo, famed anti-Fascist exile who recently returned to Rome from the United States, has called for parliamentary elections "as soon as possible."

Paris, Jan. 20.

Maurice Chevalier, French stage and screen star, said that he would sail for the United States on Feb. 28 and that it would be his first appearance outside France since the war began. The straw-hatted comedian said that he would begin a Broadway engagement on March 10.—Associated Press.

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TERRORISM IN PALESTINE

Smertenko Puts All The Blame On Britain: Rome Embassy Was "A Spy Base"

Shannon Airport, Jan. 19.
An accusation that the British Government was carrying out "acts of terrorism" in Palestine, was made today by Professor John Smertenko, Vice-President of the American League for Free Palestine. He also denied that there were any Jewish terrorists in the country.

Smertenko, who is now on his way back to New York after being refused permission to land in England, said in an interview here that in Palestine the British "have an Army of 100,000 and keep screaming about the presence in the country of 3,000 terrorists."

"But," he added, "in actual fact there are no terrorists but instead the entire Jewish population is against them and this talk of terror bands is just propaganda to cover up their own terrorism."

The professor considered that the British Government "was just as impotent to settle the Palestine problem as it was to settle the Irish question."

In Ireland he said, the British "just tried to control a country which they had no business to control."

Louis Bromfield

About his exclusion from Britain Professor Smertenko thought that the main issue was not whether he could land in Britain but whether a critic of British policy had the right to speak against that policy in a supposedly democratic country.

He added emphatically "we are not just going to let this thing drop."

He will send over Will Rogers Junior (the son of the famous American cowboy humorist) or the novelist Louis Bromfield, or some other prominent member of the American League, to London, to let the British Government indicate to the British people whether they are keeping out Smertenko or the truth about Palestine.

He alleged that the British Embassy in Rome—which was

recently subjected to a bomb outrage—had been used as a spy base for shipping leaving Italy which was possibly carrying Jewish refugees to Palestine.

The professor said he would one day return to Ireland "where the people understand the situation."—Reuter.

ANOTHER GOVERNOR FOR GEORGIA

Atlanta, Jan. 19.
Melvin Ernest Thompson, the latest claimant to the Governorship of Georgia, will demand possession of the Executive Chamber and Mansion at 2 p.m. tomorrow.

There was believed to be little likelihood that Herman Talmadge, the rival claimant, would hand them over.

Thompson was sworn in yesterday as Lieutenant Governor, and claimed the governorship as successor to Ellis Arnall, Governor for the past four years, who resigned earlier in the day.

Talmadge was elected Governor by the State Legislature last Wednesday after his father Eugene Talmadge, the Governor-elect had died.—Reuter.

KARL MARX MSS.

Berlin, Jan. 19.
Manuscripts of Karl Marx, founder of International Socialism, have just come to light in Germany after surviving not only the war but Hitler's heresy hunters.
One was presented to Professor Wysokinsky, Scientific Secretary of the Moscow Institute of Philosophy at a Jena (Thuringia) conference to mark the first post-war contact between German and Soviet scholars.—Reuter.

Staff Jobs For Air Officers

Washington, Jan. 19.
War Department officers said today that General of the Army Dwight Eisenhower has approved a policy of turning over half of the top General Staff jobs to air force officers.

Eisenhower made the new policy at the persistent request of the AAF Commander, Gen. Carl Spaatz.

It is intended to prepare AAF leaders for the day when they will have autonomy under the unification proposal to be presented to Congress.

The new policy provides that either the director or assistant director of each of the six General Staff divisions and the 10 special staff posts shall be an air force officer. This step is strongly resented by ground force officers.

Maj-Gen. Lauris Norstad, Director of the War Department Plans and Operations Division, is the only AAF officer currently directing a General Staff section.—United Press.

No Peace In Holy Land

Jerusalem, Jan. 19.
The secret radio of the Jewish terrorist group, Irgun Zvai Leumi, "The Voice of Fighting Zion," declared in its usual Sunday broadcast today: "There will be no peace in the Holy Land."

The radio accused the Jewish Agency of stopping Jewish illegal immigration into Palestine so as to have peace in the country during the resumed London conference on Palestine this month. "Immigration will continue nevertheless," the broadcast added.—Reuter.

"Take No Chances"

Jerusalem, Jan. 19.
Palestine police flying squad cars are tonight scouring Jerusalem for two stolen vehicles with radio orders to "arrest all the occupants and take no chances."

The missing vehicles are a black saloon taxi and a three-ton Army lorry, stolen today from Sarafand Camp, Palestine's biggest garrison. Both are believed to have been stolen by Jewish terrorists.—Reuter.

"Victory" Fights A New War

London, Jan. 19.
Admiral Lord Nelson's flagship, Victory, which earned her name the hard way, today was reported to be gamely fighting her toughest battle. She is being aided by the new insecticide DDT as the oakheart gallant vessel is being attacked by hordes of beetles, the newspaper Sunday Dispatch reported.

Stout timbers which flicked off roundshots like pebbles and endured the sea since 1765, are in danger of crumbling. Crew members, however, have blown DDT into holes drilled in the ship's timbers. And beetles have been scrambling from their wooden nests only to be sucked up by huge cleaners.

During 1946 the daily catch averaged 6,000 beetles, an officer told the Dispatch. He said the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research became interested in 1930 when damage was first reported. "We are optimistic about our present efforts and I think the Victory has at least 50 years of service left in her," the officer said.

The ship is tied up at the Portsmouth naval yard where officers proudly point her out to visitors and Royal Navy recruits.—United Press.

"supervise the general elections) at Ardabil and Mahabad. Tonight's newspapers stated that the former Public Prosecutor in the Azerbaijan autonomous government had been executed at Tabriz.—Reuter.

Deserters Executed

Teheran, Jan. 19.
The Teheran radio reported officially today 13 Persian officers had been executed for deserting to the rebel Azerbaijan forces and to the Kurdistan rebels.

The executions took place at Tabriz, capital of Azerbaijan (known as the "home rule" province until Government troops occupied it last month after the local rebel government had refused to admit security troops to

Foreign Office Is Astonished

London, Jan. 19.
Pravda's allegations on Wednesday that Mr. Ernest Bevin repudiated the 1942 Anglo-Soviet alliance in his broadcast on Dec. 22, brought forth an official statement from the Foreign Office tonight.

The statement read: "His Majesty's Ambassador in Moscow has been instructed to communicate to Generalissimo Stalin the following statement of the views of His Majesty's Government regarding the article which was published in Pravda on Jan. 15:

"His Majesty's Government were surprised at the suggestion which was elaborated in a most misleading manner by Pravda that the Anglo-Soviet treaty of alliance and post-war collaboration might be regarded in London as superseded by the United Nations organisation.

"The Foreign Secretary, on behalf of the Government, has several times urged an extension of the treaty and has expressed regret that the Government proposals to this effect have not found acceptance by the Soviet Government."

The statement was handed to the Soviet Government by Sir Maurice Peterson himself, together with a copy of Mr. Bevin's broadcast, made after his return from the New York session of the Council of Foreign Ministers.

The Pravda article quoted Mr. Bevin's statement that Britain "does not tie herself to anybody except in regard to her obligations under the Charter."

Out Of Context

This was interpreted by Pravda as indicating that the 20-year Anglo-Soviet alliance was considered in London to be superseded.

The broadcast was intended to show that Britain's foreign policy was not aligned in an anti-Soviet direction but on the contrary favoured co-operation among all the United Nations, especially with Soviet Russia and the United States of America, with the object of preserving the peace and aiding reconstruction.

Mr. Bevin's words were quoted by Pravda out of their context, for he had just explained that he was answering allegations that Britain's relations with Soviet Russia were not so close as they should be and he went on to express His Majesty's Government's great desire for complete understanding and their readiness to co-operate with the Soviet Union.—Reuter.

Cortot Concert Ends In An Uproar

Paris, Jan. 19.
A concert at the Theatre des Champs Elysees ended in an uproar yesterday when the Paris Conservatoire Orchestra refused to accompany the noted French pianist Alfred Cortot, in Schumann's Piano Concerto.

Cortot, who was making his first public appearance in Paris after 18 months' ban because of his alleged attitude during the German occupation, was about to start playing when a member of the orchestra came to the front of the stage and told the audience that the orchestra could not accompany the pianist.

He said the Musicians' Union, which had previously "excluded" Cortot for professional reasons, had decided to enforce this measure.

After a few moments' hesitation, Cortot began playing the piano part of the Concerto on his own, but he was booed and hissed by one section of the audience and cheered and clapped by another.

The next piece on the programme was Debussy's La Mer, but Cortot's admirers drowned its opening with cries of "Cortot, Cortot," while the opposing faction countered with "Debussy."

The concert had to be suspended.—Reuter.

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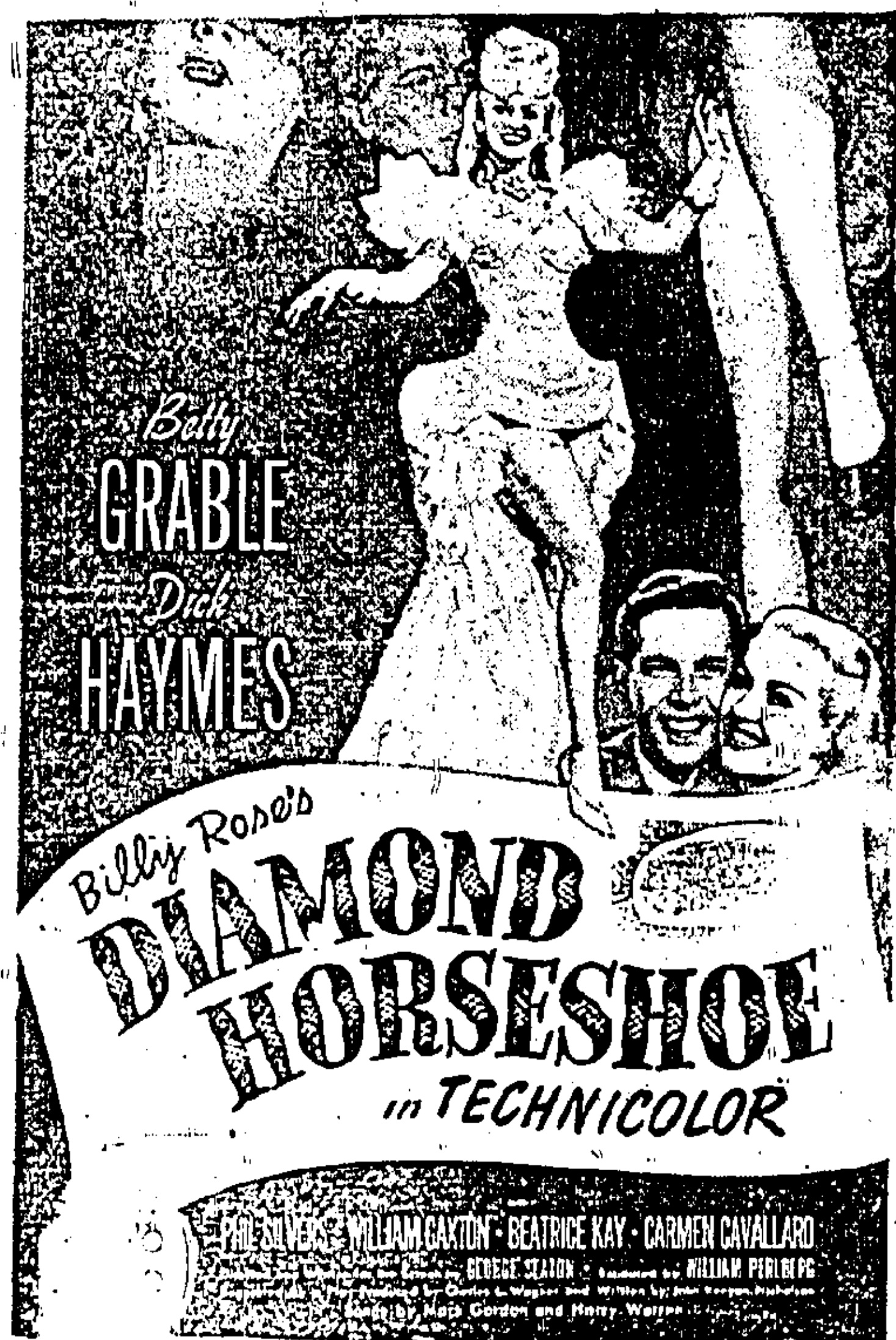
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CONSPIRACY TO OVERTHROW HUNGARIAN REPUBLIC

COMMUNISM AND INDIA.

Madras, Jan. 19.
The Congress Socialist leader, Mr. Ashok Mehta, today accused the Indian Communists of following a policy dictated by Russia's needs.
Addressing a public meeting here he declared: "The Communist creed, based on the materialism and industrialism of the 19th century, can never take root in Indian soil."—Reuter.

Budapest, Jan. 19.
Continued investigation of the recently-discovered plot to overthrow the Hungarian republic has shown that many active and former officials of the Hungarian-Foreign Office were involved in the "conspiracy," it was officially stated here today.

The announcement said that the Foreign Minister had given instructions for the recall of a number of Hungarian officials abroad. Their names were given as Mihail Heodye, official at the Hungarian Legation in Paris, Geza Sos, on the staff of the Legation in Switzerland, and Tamas Szebo, press attache in London.

Official sources alleged that through Geza Sos, the so-called "Hungarian Community," which was founded in 1941 and became the core of the conspiracy, was constantly in touch with Baron George Bakach-Bessenyei, former Hungarian Minister in Bern and described as the "leader of the pro-Horthy politicians who emigrated to Switzerland."

The announcement also named Hungarians who have been recalled from Milan, Rome and Salzburg.

The Budapest newspaper Szabadseg alleged that a number of persons abroad had been in touch with the conspirators. The paper said that the headquarters of the adherents of Admiral Horthy, former Hungarian Regent and ally of Hitler, were in London.

Minister Arrested

It was confirmed today that Enrie Misteth, Minister of Building and Public-Works, has been arrested.

Misteth resigned from the Cabinet last Wednesday soon after the announcement of the discovery of the plot. A high-ranking judge was among those detained in the latest arrests made.

The Social Democrat Party, in the first statement of its attitude over the plot, has called for a purge of the army, civil service and Smallholders Party, the largest party in the Government coalition.

The statement said that the Social Democrats had for months urged the Smallholders to purge their rank and file of "gentry and impostors." Now the time had come to break the power and political influence of big capitalists to prevent their

backing or financing the conspirators, it declared.

Swing To Left

The Smallholders Party has already announced its intention of starting a rigorous inquiry within its own ranks. Without awaiting the findings of the Parliamentary enquiry commission, the Party gave its approval for the suspension of immunity rights of Kallman Salata and Paul Jaczko, two Smallholders Deputies, accused of complicity in the plot. Both have been expelled from the Party and asked to resign their mandates.

Six other Smallholders Deputies, who are under suspicion, have been suspended from all party functions until the enquiry commission has investigated their past.

The Peasant Deputies of all parties—Smallholders, Communist, Social Democrat and National Peasant—held a joint meeting and later issued a memorandum to the country's peasants, in which they took a joint stand against the conspirators.

In some quarters here, this was interpreted as foreshadowing a possible swing to the Left on the part of many Peasant Deputies, most of whom are at present members of the Smallholders Party.—Reuter.

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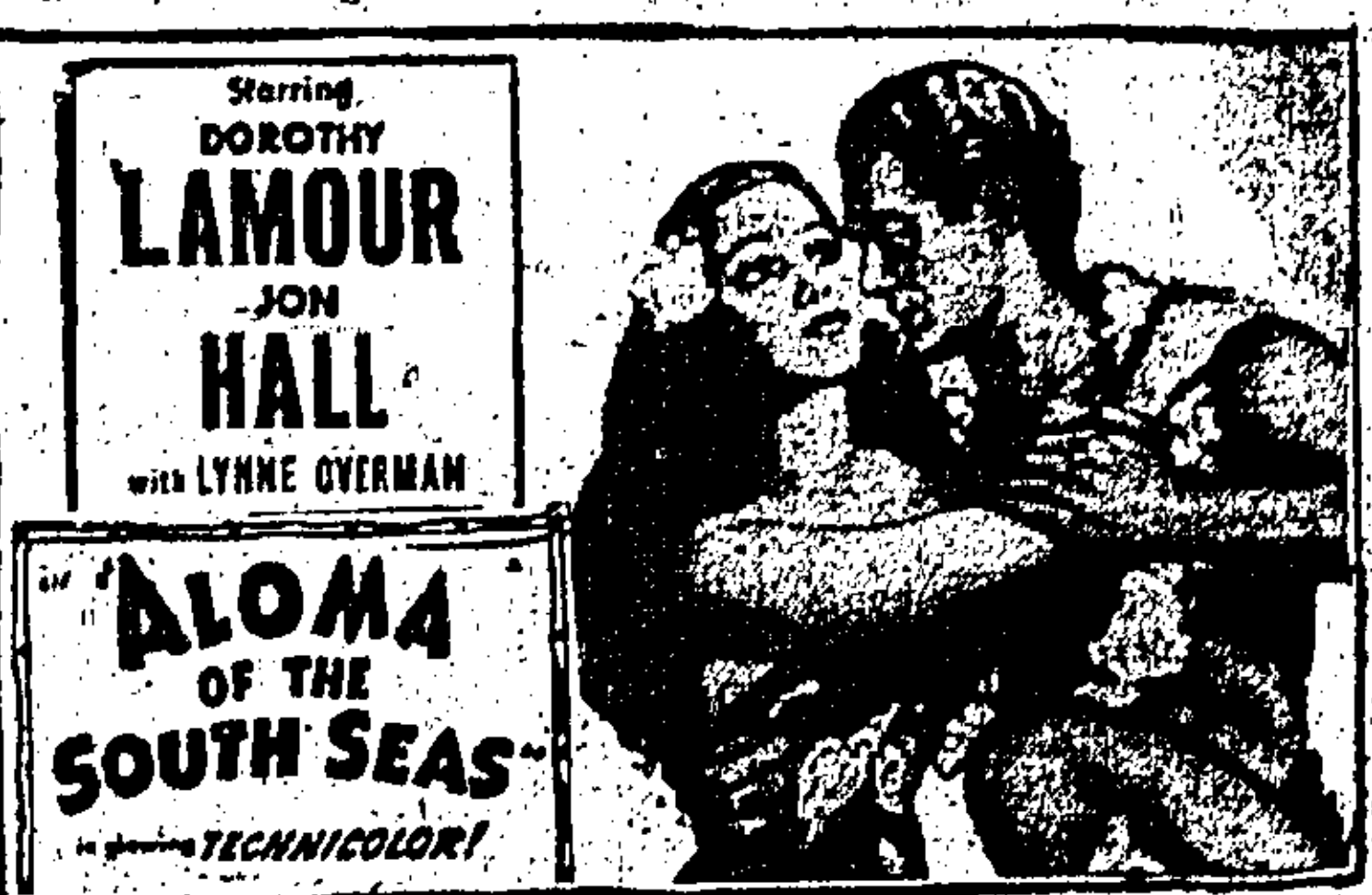
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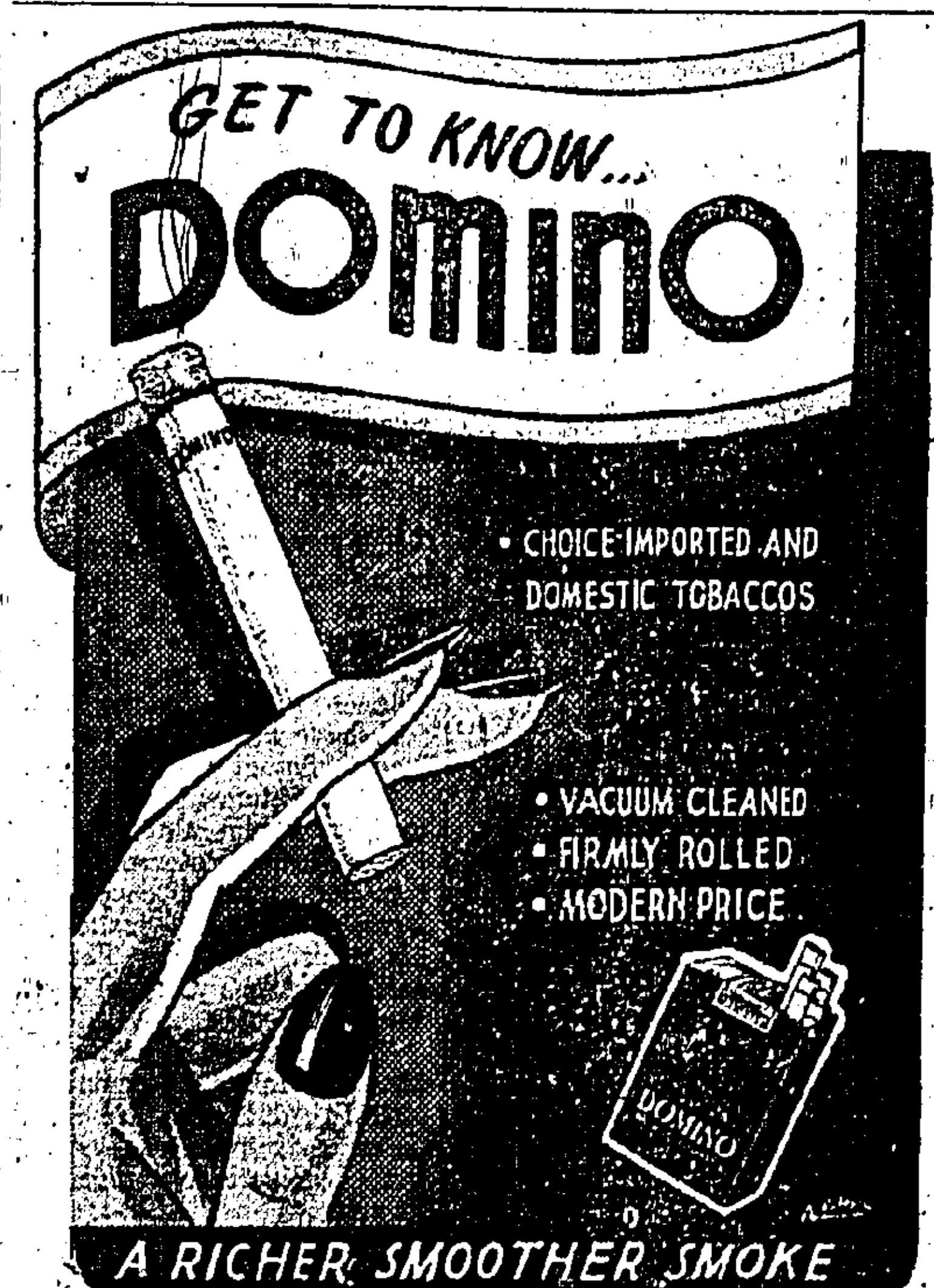
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M.C.C. TOUR STORIES

Aussie Allegations Denied

Alec Bedser The Glamour Boy!

London, Jan. 19. A new attempt to stir up trouble for the M.C.C. team now touring Australia was the allegation by an Australian journalist that the Englishmen were out to have a good time in Australia and this accounted for their sorry display. This allegation was promptly sat on by Major Rupert Howard, manager of the M.C.C. team, and all journalists with the cricketers.

Norman Preston, Reuters Special Correspondent with the team, completely exonerated the side from any suggestion that they were treating the tour lightly. That they have "temptations" goes without saying. England's giant, Alec Bedser, who is the only unmarried member of the side, has been inundated with calls, mostly anonymous, from girls. Regarded as the glamour boy of the team, he is the chief centre of feminine attraction.

With all these attempts to destroy the harmony of the tour, which started from the moment the Englishmen arrived and have never ceased, it is reassuring to learn that even if they have not won many laurels on the cricket field from the purely winning point of view, the team is hailed as an extremely popular one.

A Great Job
According to Mr. A. B. Sellers (Yorkshire captain) they are "doing a great job for England by their popularity and splendid friendliness through Australia." In the meantime, there is a clamour for the inclusion in the England team for the Adelaide Test of Joe Hardstaff, who got such a fine century against the Indians last summer, and who has been somewhat neglected on this Australian trip, and the left-hander, Laurie Fishlock. Both have shown form during recent matches that entitles them to a place in the English side.

Hammond Standing Down?

If room is found for them it means dropping Hutton, Hammond, Ikin or Yardley. It can be argued that on present form neither Yardley nor Ikin can properly be dropped, and thus that we may have the skipper, Walter Hammond, standing down, with Norman Yardley as captain, and Hutton losing his place as opening bat.

It would be a surprise here in England if no surprise to happen. The announcement of England's next Test side is accordingly being awaited here with extraordinary interest.—Reuter.

Don Retiring?

Melbourne, Jan. 20. Don Bradman may not play in the fifth Test if Australia wins the fourth match, according to Percy Taylor, cricketing correspondent of the Melbourne Argus today.

Taylor adds that health and business reasons have made Bradman give long consideration before playing this season. He will play at Adelaide, where he can keep an eye on his business, but may take no further part in big cricket.

Taylor does not say whether he expects Bradman's permanent retirement but suggests that this is possible, saying that he needs only two for a century of centuries. Therefore he may play the fifth Test if he does not achieve his ambition before that.—Reuter.

VICTORIA WIN

Brisbane, Jan. 20. Victoria defeated Queensland by an innings and 13 runs in the Sheffield Shield match which ended here today.

Queensland, who made 235 in their first innings in reply to Victoria's total of 466, were dismissed for 218 in their second knock. The feature of this innings was the solo effort of A. Carrigan, who batted 142 minutes for 88. He and McCool put on 64 for the fifth wicket.

In spite of their position, the Queensland batting was attractive and 200 was reached in 150 minutes. Tribe took three wickets for 61 and Ring three for 53.—Reuter.

The forthcoming marriage is announced of Fernando Pereira, storekeeper, of 51, Calne Road, and Miss Alexandra Azeo Gutierrez, 118, Austin Road.

Printed and published for the proprietors, The Hong Kong News, by Wai Yee, at the "China Mail" Press, 118, Austin Road.

BLACK MARKET PROTEST

Rome, Jan. 19. A crowd of about 50,000 people attended a meeting called by the Rome Chamber of Labour in Piazza del Popolo today to protest against the inability of the Government to check the black market and the growing cost of living.

Speakers of the Chamber called for extra distribution of rice, sugar and tinned food and the extension of rationing to other basic foodstuffs and clothing.

The population of Rome has not yet received its scanty monthly supply of macaroni and oil.

The meeting passed off quietly by asking for severe Government action against speculators, stabilisation of prices and adoption of differentiated rationing favourable to the neediest people.—Reuter.

S.M.C. Appeal For Peace

Shanghai, Jan. 20. An appeal to President Chiang Kai-shek and Communist Leader Mao Tse-tung for the immediate unconditional freezing of the present military positions, resumption of peace talks and the re-organization of the National Government was made today by the Shanghai Municipal Council.

The appeal took the form of a circular telegram asking for the support of all public bodies. The signatories expressed regret over the two conditions which the Communists have laid down for a resumption of the

peace talks—the restoration of the Jan. 13 "cease-fire" positions and the nullification of the new constitution.

They say the prolonged civil strife would not only bring about a total economic collapse but also would make China's voice unheard in allied discussions on the peace treaty with Japan.—Associated Press.

Lincoln between the general council and the legions would be maintained by international committees. Legion officers would be trained at an academy located in the United States, and probably at the military academies of member countries, but these officers would only serve in the international forces. Senior officers would be drawn from existing armies.

Chapralis said the scheme would enable nations to spend their present defence budgets on "more productive and peaceful projects" and to convert war industries for civilian production.

He said he would ask Eisenhower to call a meeting of representative veterans from the United Nations to establish the international association.—Associated Press.

The plan already has been submitted, Chapralis declared, to the British Military Mission to Greece, British and American veterans' organisations, the Soviet Embassy in London and Washington and the French and Canadian Embassies in Athens.

Under the proposal, according to Chapralis, the veterans of each nation would elect a representative to the supreme council. The council then would elect a permanent general secretariat, consisting of a delegate from the United States, Canada, Great Britain, Russia, China and France and one each from four smaller nations.

HITCH IN INTERPORT SOCCER PLANS

General disappointment was felt among the football public by the non-arrival of the Shanghai Interport football team on Saturday. The original arrangements were for the Shanghai team to arrive in Hong Kong by air on Saturday in ample time for the interport games but late last week the Hong Kong Football Association received information that the team would be travelling by s.s. Sinking instead and would be expected to arrive in time for the Interport game.

Unfortunately the name of the ship given was wrong and after a despatch of cables Hong Kong was advised yesterday morning that the team would be travelling by the s.s. Shenking, of Messrs. Butterfield and Swire and was leaving on Jan. 19. The advice also added that several members of the side would be travelling by plane.

Yesterday advice was received in Hong Kong that the ship would be leaving on Jan. 20 and that she would arrive here on Jan. 22, the actual date reserved for the Interport game. Later in the afternoon the local shipping company advised that the ship would only be leaving Shanghai on Jan. 22.

More cables were sent during the day requesting Shanghai to make every effort to be in Hong Kong in time for the Interport game but up to a late hour last night no definite information has been received.

F.A. Statement
The following statement has been issued by the Hong Kong Football Association:— "Every effort has been made by the Association to stage the Interport game as per schedule and numerous telegrams have been exchanged in this respect."

"Shanghai advised Hong Kong that part of the team would be sailing on the 20th to arrive on the 22nd and part of the team would be flying to Hong Kong by plane on the 22nd."

"It was suggested that Shanghai should send a full team to Hong Kong by plane to take part in the Interport Match. Should this be impossible then the 4th match of the series (namely Shanghai and Hong Kong Combined Chinese vs. The Rest of Shanghai and Hong Kong) be played on the first day."

"Should this be also impossible, if Shanghai were not in a position to send sufficient players down to the 22nd then the Governor's Cup will be played on that day between the Association and the Federation and popular prices to be charged."

The following have been chosen to represent the two teams:— Hong Kong Football Association:—Taylor (42 Commando) and A. N. Other (42 Commando) and Comley (Navy). Humber (45 Cdo.) Farrow (Club) and Anderson (R.A.F.). Gosano (St. Joseph's). Fox (R.A.F.). Gold-thorne (45 Cdo.). Schultz (Army) and Ford (42 Cdo.).

Reserves:—Dear (45 Cdo.), Andrews (R.N.), Willis (R.N.), Stevens (Dockyard) and Collico (Police).

Chinese Federation:—Yu Kai-yang, Hau Yung-sang and Lee Kwok-wai; Lau Chung-sang, Hsu King-seng and Lo Wai-kuen; Tang Kwong-sun, Ho Ying-fui, Chan Tak-fai, Cheuk Shek-kam and Lee Shek-yau.

Lee Playing
As Fung King-cheong has not fully recovered from the injury received some time ago the Interport Selection Committee decided last night to drop him and Lee Wai-tong will lead the attack instead.

Chan Tak-fai will take Fung King-cheong's place in the game between Combined Chinese and Shanghai.

The definite line-up of the Shanghai Interport football team has not been received but it is known that the side will include Suen Kam-suen and Soong Ling-sing, both well known to local footballers. Also in the side are Honnibal, who played for St. Joseph's here in 1940, "Blondie" Robsonoff who played a great part in Shanghai's victory in the last interport, and Karolitch, an inside forward. Meyer is the only non-Chinese in the defence.

FAR EAST POW LED DOG'S LIFE BY WIFE

London, Jan. 19. Compelled to give evidence against her husband, accused of having tried to murder her, a wife pointed to the dock at Hampshire Assizes yesterday and declared, "I should be there, not him."

She said she had given him "a dog's life... treated him with utter contempt" after he came home from prison camp in the Far East—but loved him, and wanted him back.

Mrs. Margaret Butcher said she did not want to give evidence against her husband, Flight-Sergeant Alec Humphrey Butcher, 34, of Amporn, near Andover, Hants.

But Mr. Commissioner Street, K.C., told her she must. She said he was reported "missing, believed killed," six months after he went to the Far East, and it was two and a half years later that she next heard from him.

"He returned in October, 1945," she said. "He wanted me back, but I didn't want him. I had been free for so long. I still wanted my freedom."

She left him a month after his return, but went back after ten or twelve days, and "simply gave him a dog's life. I treated him with utter contempt."

"Taunted Him"
Mr. G. F. Morris, defending— "A card you sent him (in prison camp) was to the effect that you wanted a divorce? Mrs. Butcher—Yes."

You were living a very gay life at that time?—I was. You didn't give much thought to the conditions under which your husband was living—I gave it no thought whatever.

Since October, 1945, has he done everything he possibly can to help you and the children?—He has done everything in his power for me and I have thrown it all back at him.

Did he find in the house the portraits of American soldier friends of yours?—Yes. Do you love him now?—I do. Mrs. Butcher said she didn't "really know what did happen" when she and her husband quarrelled and she found a knife in her side.

Butcher pleaded not guilty. The case will continue today.

Rome, Jan. 19. Pope Pius XII today received a group of ten American newspaper editors who are touring Europe.—Reuter.

Washington, Jan. 19. The leader of the Polish Peasant Party, Stanislaw Mikolajcz, announced tonight that he will demand that today's Polish general election be annulled.

"It has not been free and unfettered as laid down by the Yalta agreement," he said. "In spite of all irregularities I believe I should still obtain a majority in the election if my observers could be present to guarantee fairness of counting."

He added that he had handed to the British, American and Soviet Ambassadors here last night a detailed account of his charges regarding the "unfairness" of the elections.

Indian Attitude On Indo-China

London, Jan. 19. At a meeting here tonight at Swaraj House (Indian centre in London), addressed by representatives of Indo-China, Indonesia and Africa, a general agreement was reached that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Vice-President of the Indian Interim Government, was working out a plan for practical aid to the Viet Nam movement in its present conflict with the French authorities.

At this meeting, held to protest against "French imperialist aggression," the suggestion was also made by one of the speakers that the Chinese were smuggling weapons into Indo-China to aid the Viet Nam forces.

A resolution was passed by the members of Swaraj House—which is affiliated to the Federation of Indian Association—expressing complete solidarity with the Viet Nam people.

The Indonesian, Mohammad Ali, said: "I am sure that I represent the feelings of 75 million Indonesians when I say that the action of the French should be condemned by free-dom-loving people of the world."

"Until the French, Dutch and British, give up the idea of colonial suppression, it will mean another war."

Mr. George Padmore, African Independent Socialist, compared the situation in Indo-China to that of the Nazi-occupation of France. "After the suffering that France went through at the hands of the Nazis there was a moral reason why imperialism should not be imposed upon the Viet Nam people," he said. "The French Communist Party have not called for action from the working class. By an appeal to the working class they could have direct action and not a ship would be able to leave for Indo-China."

Black Page
"The action of progressive forces in the question of Indo-China will stand as one of the blackest pages in the history of the working class movement in western Europe, especially France."

Mr. Dang, of Indo-China, did not speak but answered many questions from the large audience. In answer to the question on Chinese aid he said: "I can reveal that the Chinese are smuggling a lot of weapons for the Viet Nam forces." On the question of Russian support he said: "There has been no help from Russia other than symbolic aid. This has been given in Russian newspapers."

The Sunday Chronicle reported that the gift would be 48 perfectly matched blue and white diamonds and that an expert cutter, Herman Turk, who was commissioned to work on the gems, described them as "the finest blue and white diamonds I have ever seen."

The Sunday Express said the gift would be 400 diamonds worth approximately £20,000. The Express reported that the stones are nearly all from the Kimberley mines and that several firms had been assigned secretly to do work. It said the cutters did not know whether the stones were for rings, earrings or other jewelry. The report said one firm had 48 of the stones.—United Press.

100 Per Cent "Red"
London, Jan. 20. Reports from Tass on the first unofficial returns from the three election districts in Poland claimed 100 per cent vote for the Communist-dominated government bloc.

The Tass report from Warsaw said reports from all parts of Poland indicated that the elections had been held "in an atmosphere of perfect order and peace."—Associated Press.

Big Lead
Warsaw, Jan. 20. Figures given by a Government source today in the national elections gave a substantial lead to the Government bloc.

According to this source returns from 74 districts throughout Poland showed the democratic bloc had gained 88,014 votes and Stanislaw Mikolajcz's Peasant Party had 10,671.—United Press.

GENERAL BACK IN MACAO
Macao, Jan. 19. General Wai Yan-chek, the only Macao representative for the National Assembly in Nan-king, returned to Macao today, by the s.s. "Merry Moller" after more than two months' absence from the Portuguese colony.

A warm welcome party given in his honour by the local Chinese bodies will be held to night.—United Press.

American Squire Of Cornish Village

Colan, Jan. 19. This ancient Cornish village, with its 13th Century church, had a new squire today—a tanned Californian whose Americanese contrasted oddly with the broad speech of his "West Country" tenants.

The squire is Francis Figg-Hoblyn, president of the "Queen of Nevada" gold mine, who inherited from an aunt an estate of 2,000 acres, including 39 farms and this village of 50 houses and 150 inhabitants.

The reaction of the villagers to the new squire is highly favourable. As he walked about today, wearing a board-brimmed felt hat and a belted sports coat, he got many friendly smiles.

"It is good to have a squire again," said the Reverend H. Ichet of the Colan Church, which boasts on of the oldest bells in England. "He will set to rights many things and will heal a feud of more than 40 years' standing with a previous pastor, which had kept his aunts from attending the church."

One of the first things Figg-Hoblyn did was to address the assembled villagers about his plans. He told them that his mother, who was the eldest daughter of a former squire, had married a Dr. Figg, who assumed the surname Hoblyn to maintain a claim to the estate. He expressed pride in his ancestry dating back more than 1,000 years.

"The Hoblyns were once among the richest and most powerful families in the county," he recalled, "occupying a seat in Parliament and running local affairs. Pursuit of pleasure led to the family's decay."

The mining executive brought with him samples of gold-bearing quartz from his mine.

Need Of Repair
"My inheritance here is in need of repair," he said, "and I hope that gold from Nevada will cross the seas to bring prosperity once more to this corner of England."

The manor house, "Far Hill," is not at present inhabited, and Figg-Hoblyn and his 23-year-old daughter—Anne—are living in the 200-year-old farmhouse of one of his servants.

He said he planned to bring the rest of his family over here.—United Press.

Polish Elections "UNFAIR"

Washington, Jan. 19. The leader of the Polish Peasant Party, Stanislaw Mikolajcz, announced tonight that he will demand that today's Polish general election be annulled.

"It has not been free and unfettered as laid down by the Yalta agreement," he said. "In spite of all irregularities I believe I should still obtain a majority in the election if my observers could be present to guarantee fairness of counting."

He added that he had handed to the British, American and Soviet Ambassadors here last night a detailed account of his charges regarding the "unfairness" of the elections.

There was heavy polling throughout the country today, and especially in the western provinces, as 12,000,000 Poles went to the booths in what is becoming Europe's most controversial post-war election.

The Poles were choosing 444 deputies from 1,600 constituencies in 52 constituencies.

The contestants were divided into two categories—a "four-party Government or a 'democratic bloc' mainly comprising Communists and Socialists, and the Opposition, Peasant Party (PSL) led by Stanislaw Mikolajcz, vice-Premier of the Polish provisional Government and former Prime Minister of the Polish Government in exile in London.

Both Britain and America have sent protests to Warsaw about the manner in which the election campaign has been conducted but the Soviet Government has rejected the charges that "repressive" measures have been taken

against the Opposition parties.—Reuter.

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DRESS REHEARSAL FOR ROYAL PARADE

(Continued from Page 1) aboard HMS Vanguard which is scheduled to sail early Saturday morning, Feb. 1.

Diamonds For The Princess

Meanwhile Sunday newspapers published dispatches from Johannesburg disclosing that the South African Government is planning to give Princess Elizabeth an expensive present of matched diamonds on her twenty-first birthday on April 1—a few days before the royal tour is completed.

The Sunday Chronicle reported that the gift would be 48 perfectly matched blue and white diamonds and that an expert cutter, Herman Turk, who was commissioned to work on the gems, described them as "the finest blue and white diamonds I have ever seen."

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RADIO

ZHW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.15 p.m., 8.30 to 9.30 p.m., and 9 to 11 p.m. also on 8.52 megacycles.

12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.
12.32 p.m.—Variety.
1.15 p.m.—News. Weather, Reports, and Announcements.
1.30 p.m.—Orchestral Interlude.
1.35 p.m.—Hick's "L'Armenie" Suite.
1.40 p.m.—Symphony Orchestra.
1.45 p.m.—From the Show—Light Opera.
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.
2.30 p.m.—Tones of New-Style Music.
2.40 p.m.—London Relay: News.
2.50 p.m.—London Relay: Home News from Britain.
3.00 p.m.—"Romance and Rhythm."
3.10 p.m.—Studio: George Lohr at the Piano.
3.20 p.m.—Excerpt from Patrick Hamilton's Play "Gallant." Acted in the Studio by Jeanette Little's Company.

8.30 p.m.—Vocal Duets: Doris LaBette and Hubert Elsdell.
8.40 p.m.—Studio: English Composers.
8.50 p.m.—London Relay: A Talk by the Rev. Father T. F. Ryan, S. J.
9.00 p.m.—London Relay: News.
9.10 p.m.—Studio: "Swing Hop." Hosted by George Lohr and Al Burt.
9.15 p.m.—London Transcription Service: George Melachrino & His Orchestra.
9.30 p.m.—Excerpt from Grand Opera.
9.40 p.m.—Lalo: Symphonie Espagnole.
9.50 p.m.—Yehudi Menuhin and Orchestra.
10.00 p.m.—Symphony No. 9.
11.00 p.m.—Close Down.